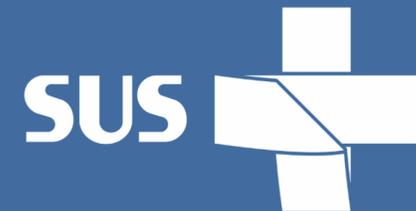


# HIV & AIDS AMONG SEXUAL AND GENDER MINORITIES IN LATIN AMERICA

**Mayara Secco Torres da Silva**

Instituto Nacional de Infectologia Evandro Chagas, Fiocruz  
Rio de Janeiro, Brasil



# **GLOBAL CONTEXT**



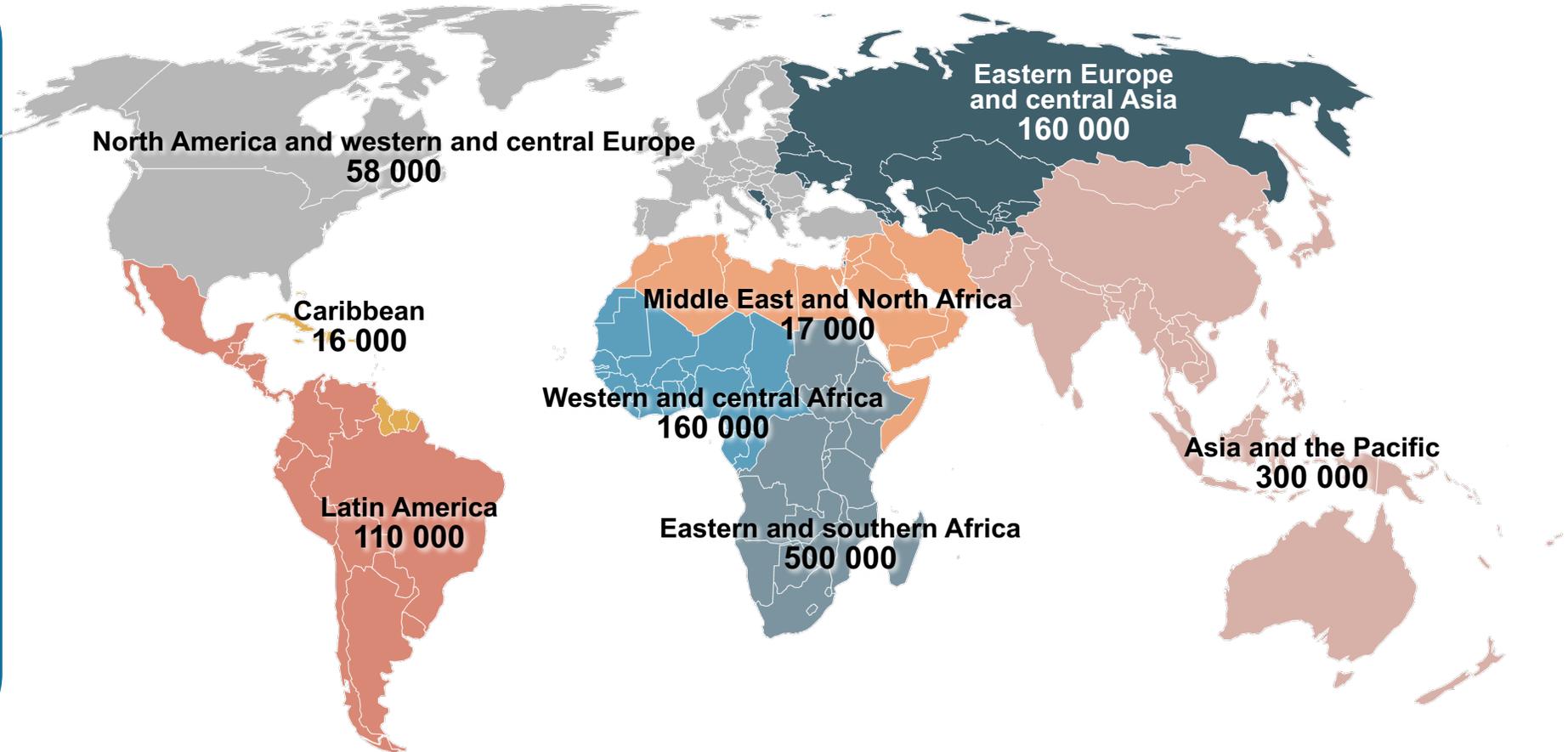
# The HIV pandemic

## New infections in adults and children (2022)

In 2022,  
**39 mi**  
people living  
with HIV

**1.3 mi**  
new infections

**630,000**  
deaths



# The HIV pandemic

## Several vulnerabilities might contribute to the current global HIV situation



# **FOCUS ON LATIN AMERICA**



# HIV epidemic in Latin America

**2.2 million**  
people living with HIV

**72%**  
on ART



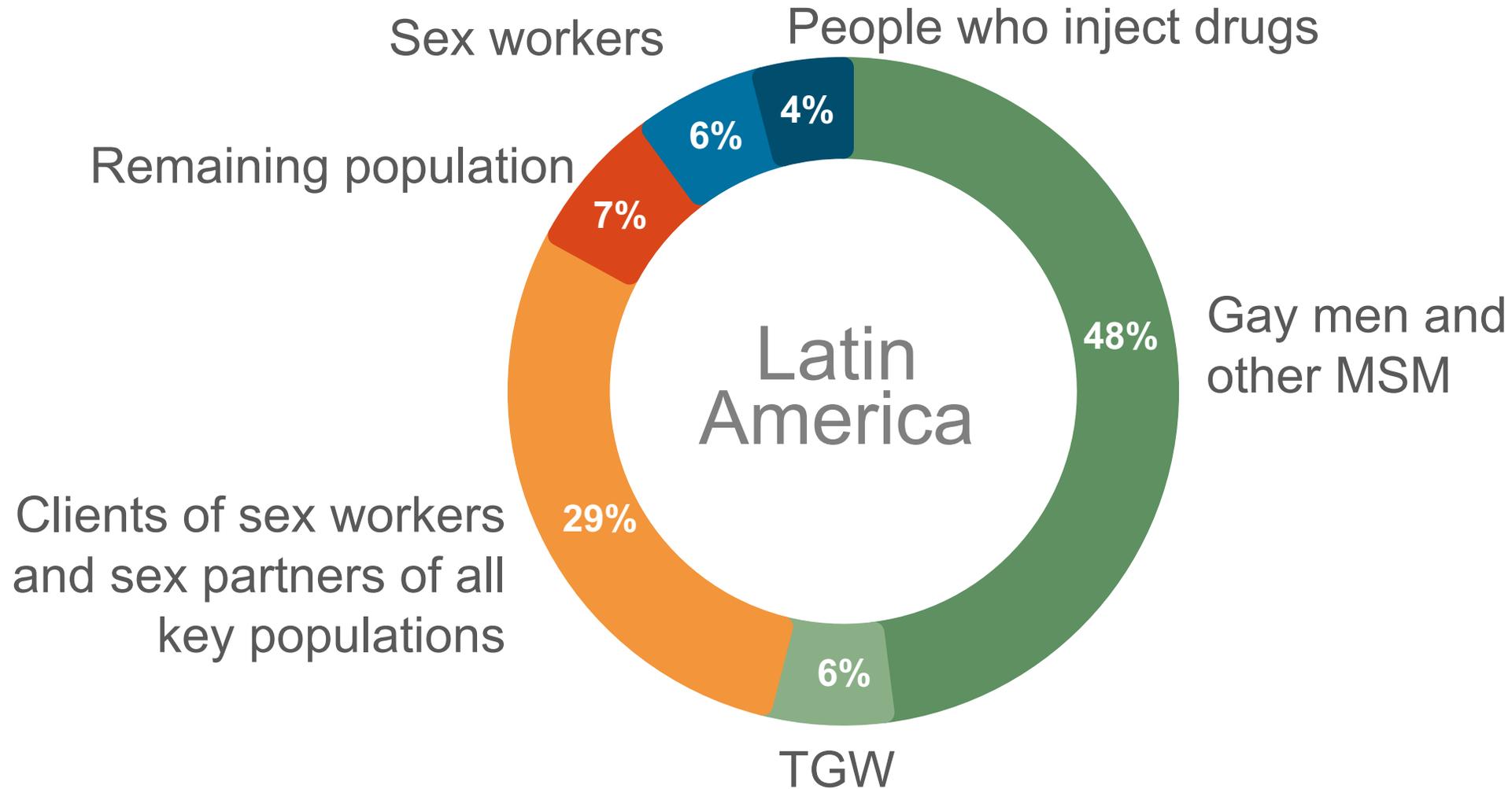
**25%**  
late presentation

**+8%**  
annual new infections\*

**-32%**  
annual deaths\*

*\*relative to 2010*

## New HIV infections by population



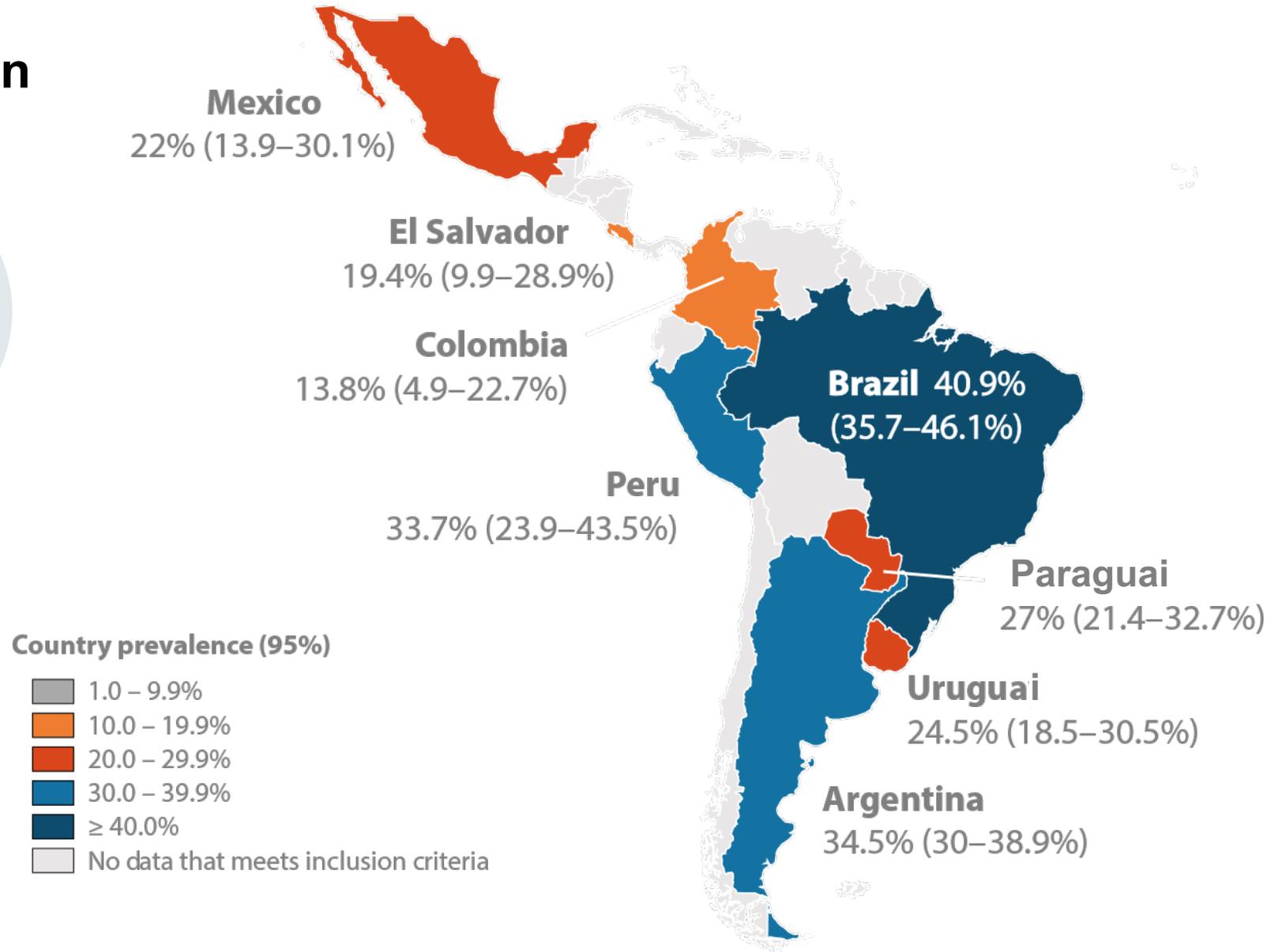
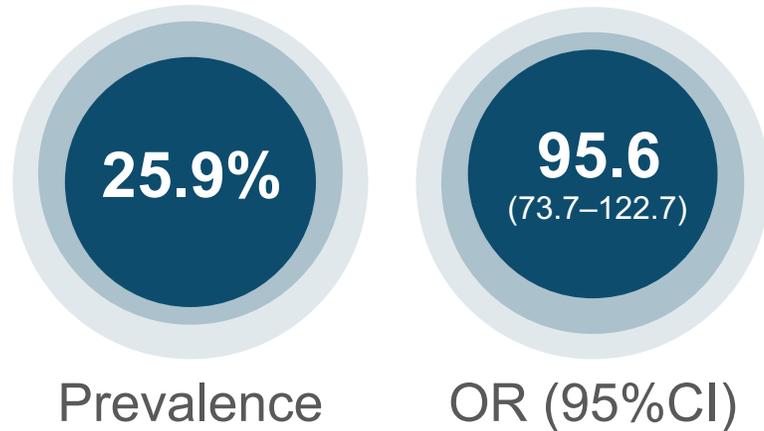
# HIV epidemic in Latin America

**HIV prevalence among men who have sex with men in Latin America**

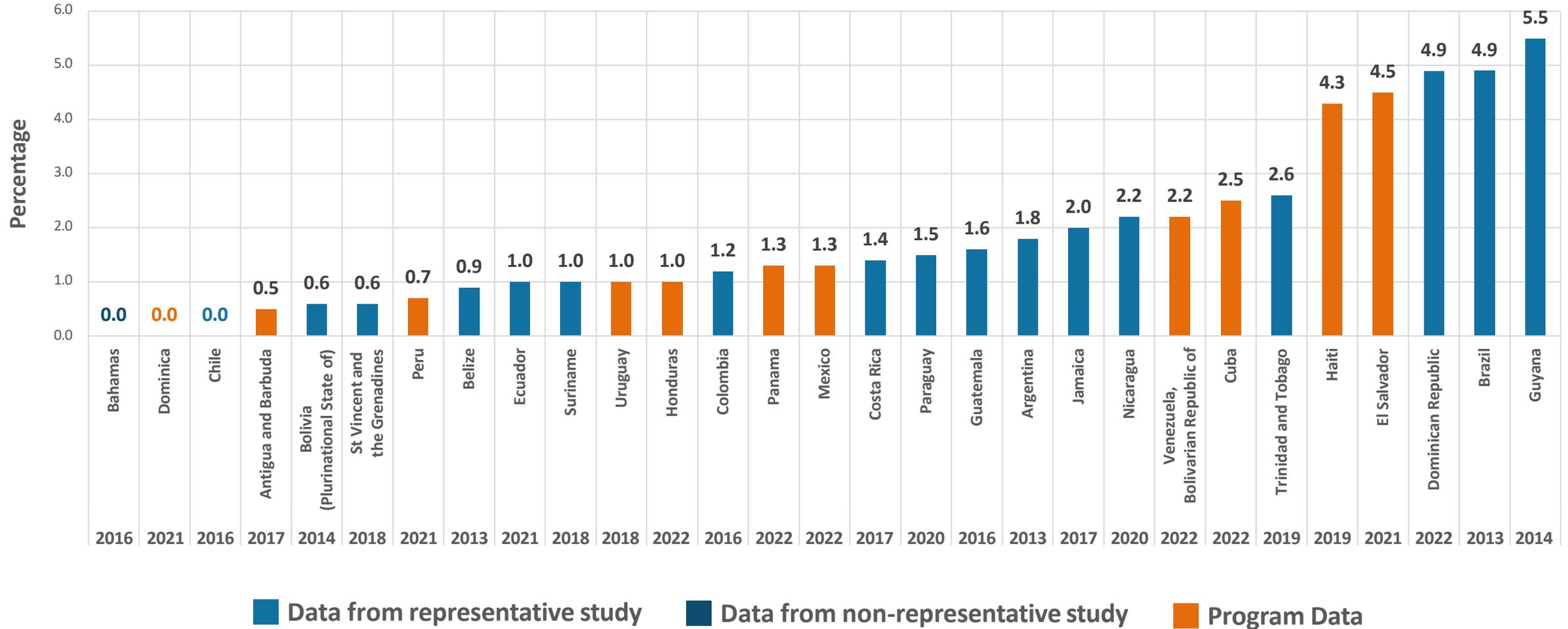


# HIV epidemic in Latin America

## HIV prevalence among transgender women in Latin America, 1999-2015



# Prevalence of HIV infection in sex workers



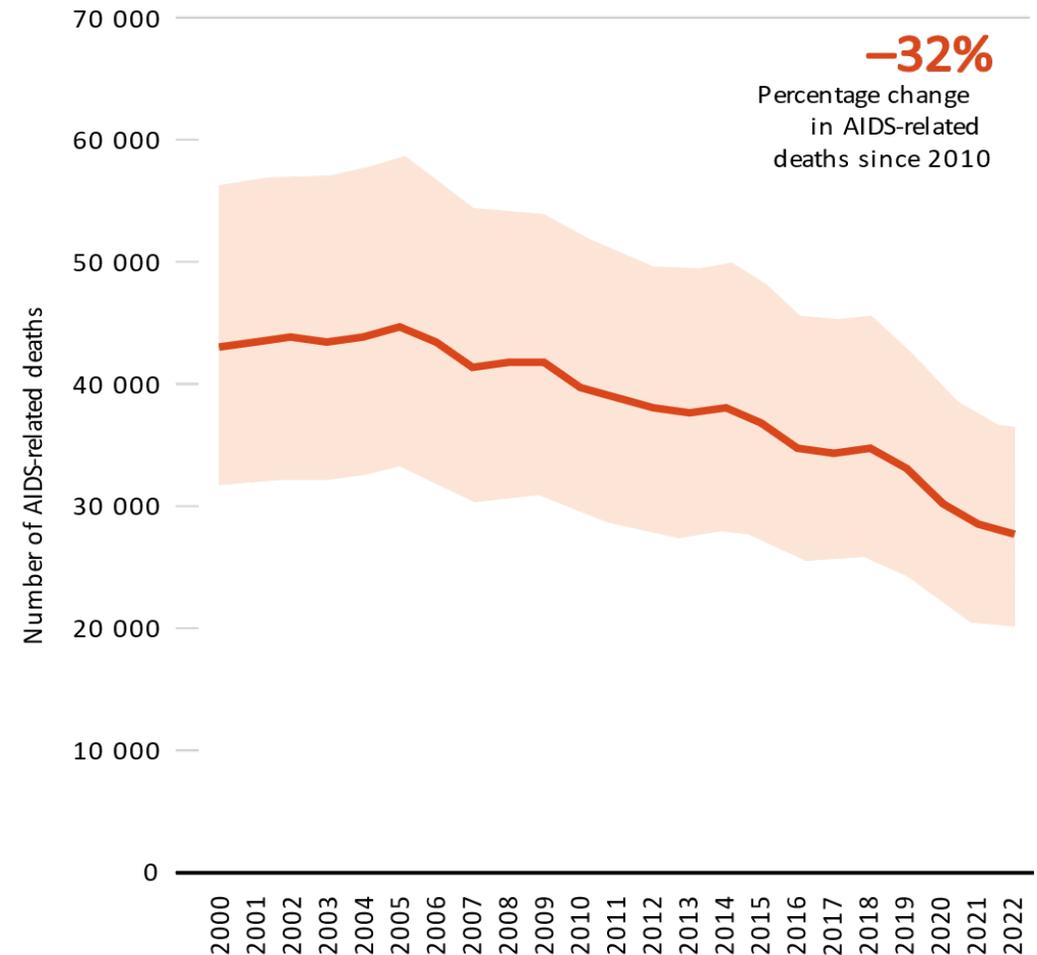
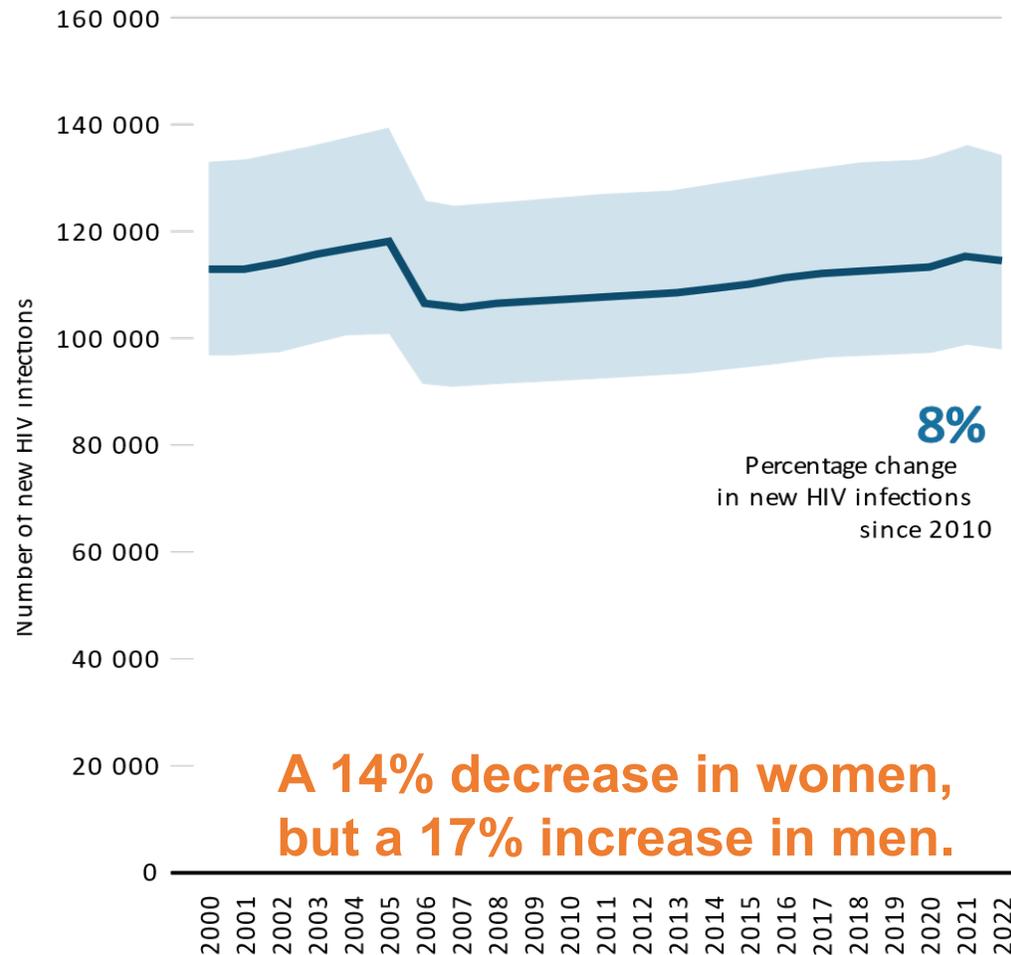
\*latest reported data, 2016-2022

Source: PAHO, 2023. Global AIDS monitoring country responses, 2023.

# HIV epidemic in Latin America

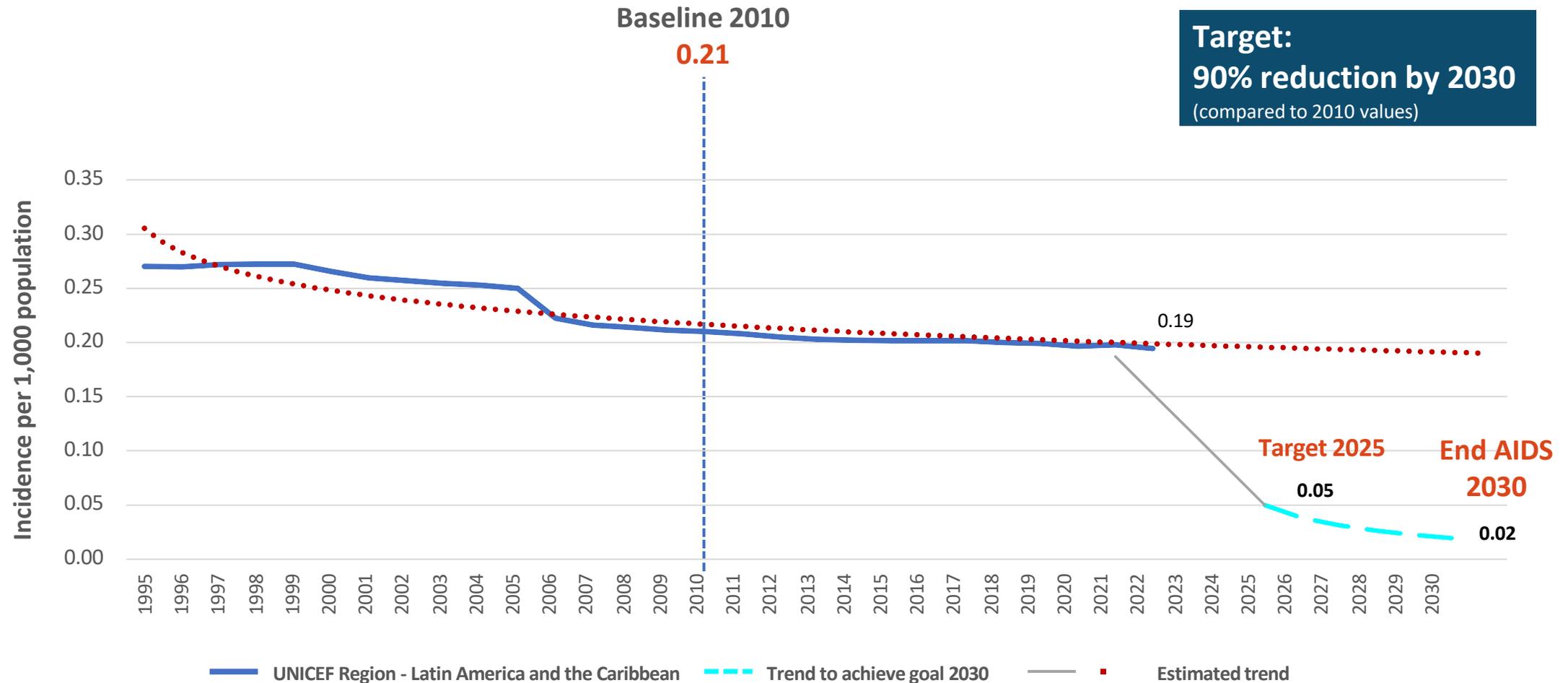
Latin America has made limited progress in reducing new HIV infections since 2000

## New HIV infections and related deaths per year in Latin America, 2000-2022



# HIV epidemic in Latin America

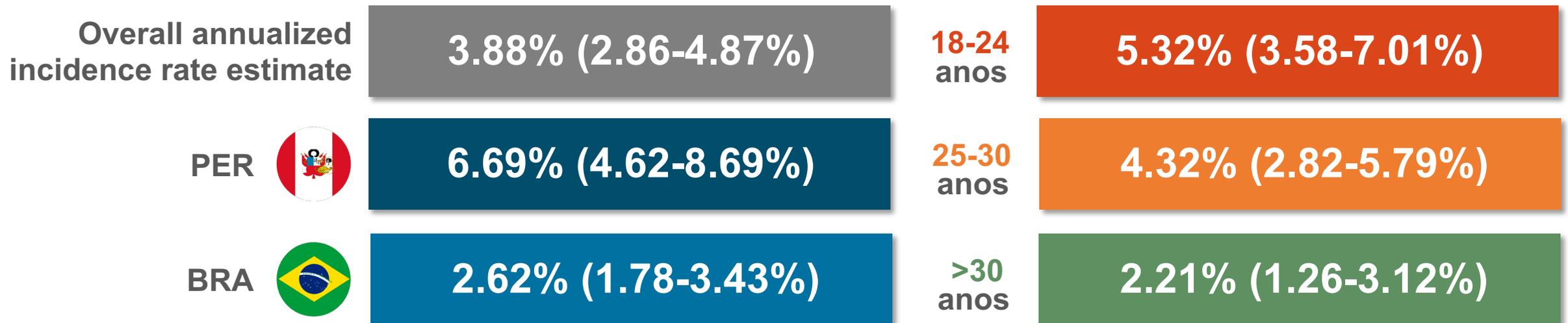
## HIV incidence per 1000 population, 2030 forecast and targets for ending AIDS in Latin America and the Caribbean, 1995-2030



# HIV epidemic in Latin America

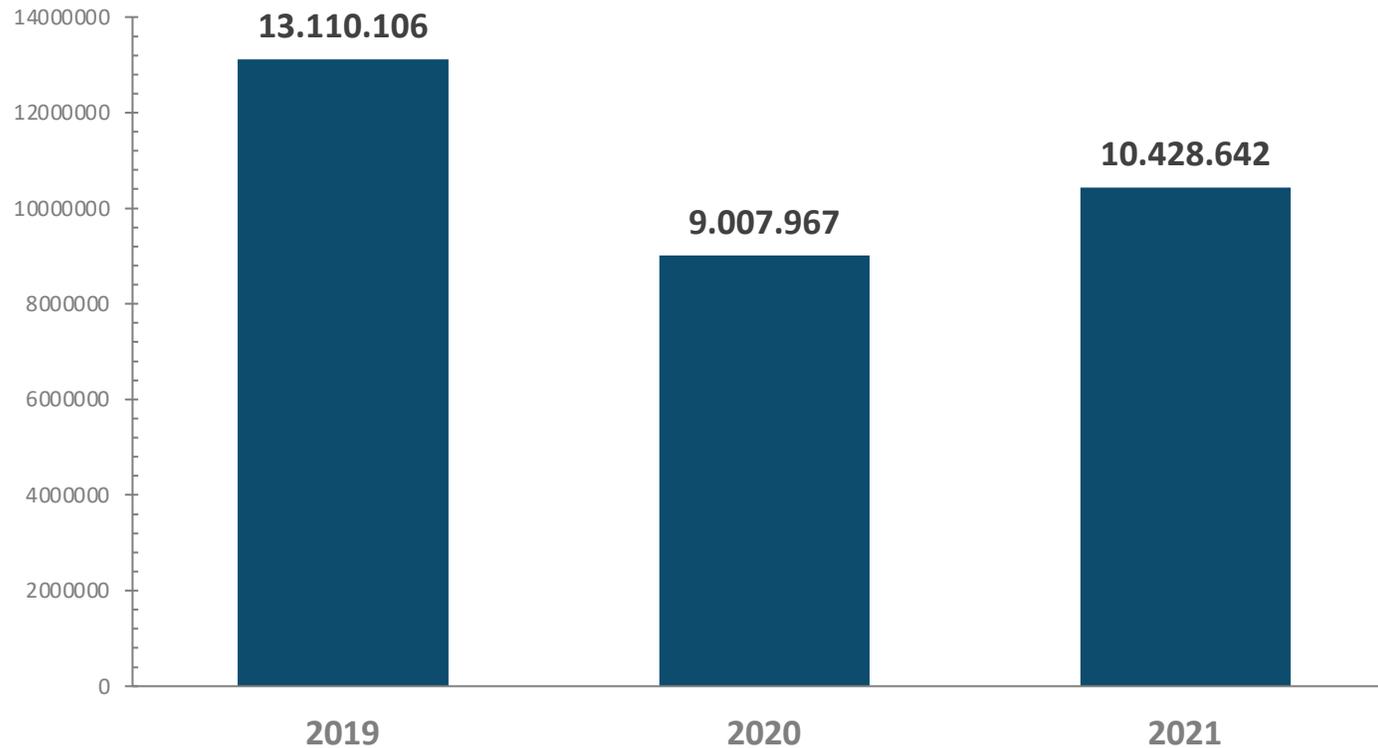
## THE LANCET *Regional Health Americas*

Recent HIV infection and annualized HIV incidence rates among sexual and gender minorities in Brazil and Peru (ImPrEP seroincidence study): a cross-sectional, multicenter study



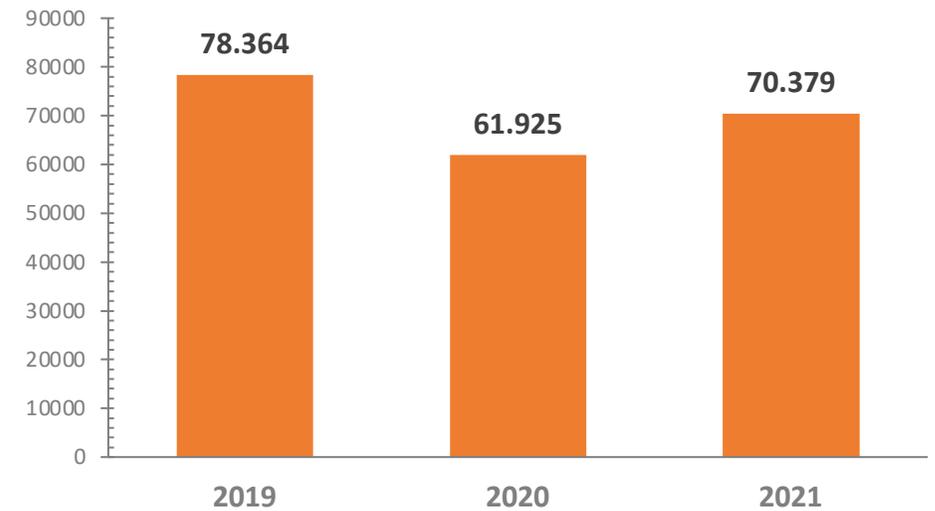
**With over 660 million people, only 10 million (1.5%) HIV tests performed per year in the region**

# of HIV tests performed

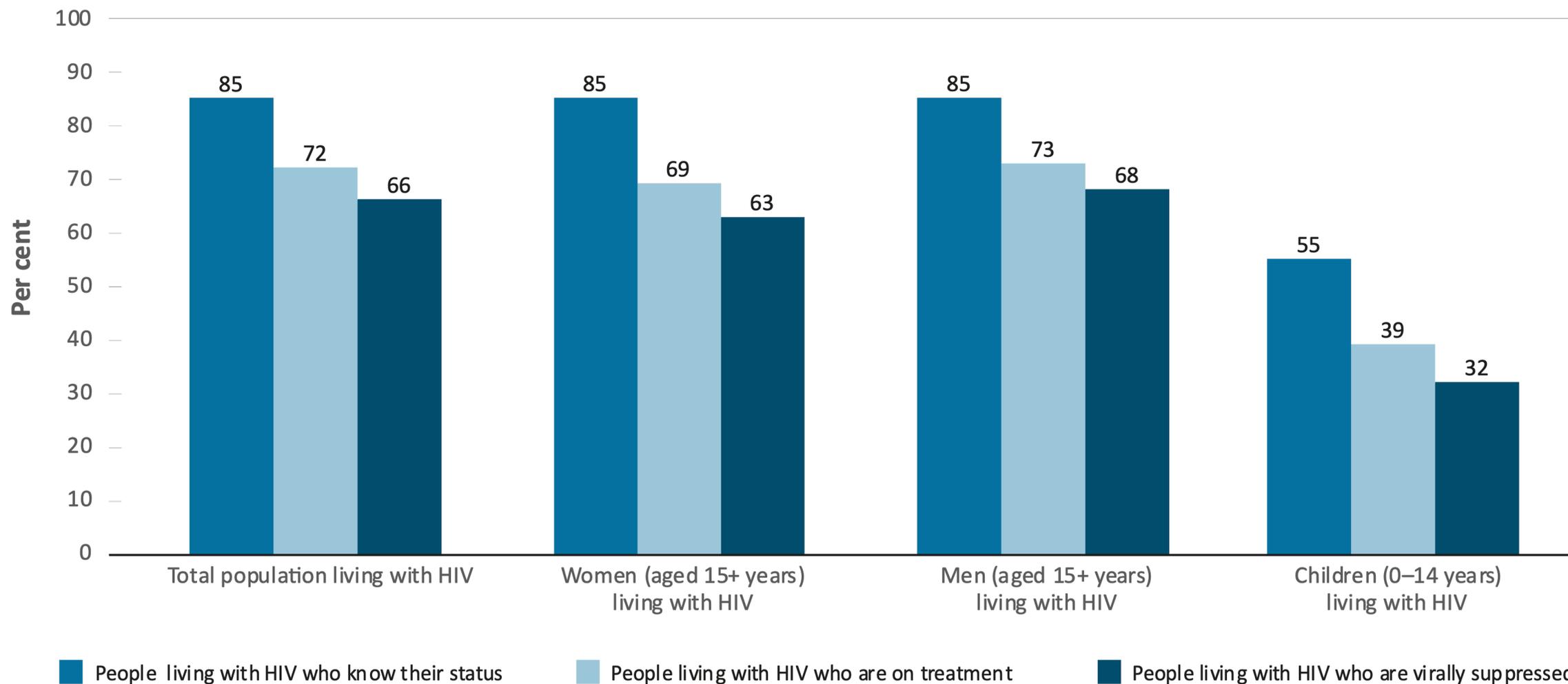


**Positivity 0.67%**

Positive HIV tests

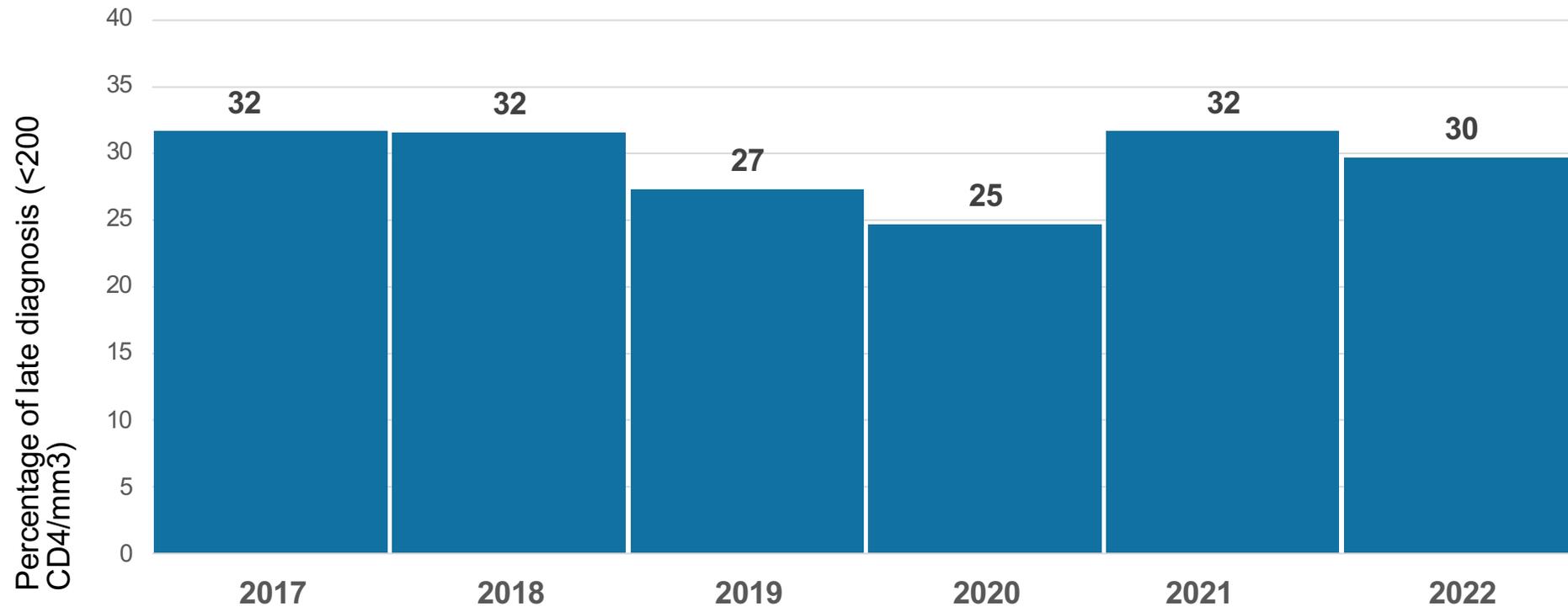


## HIV testing and treatment cascade, by age and sex, Latin America, 2022



# Late diagnosis of HIV (%) in Latin America and the Caribbean

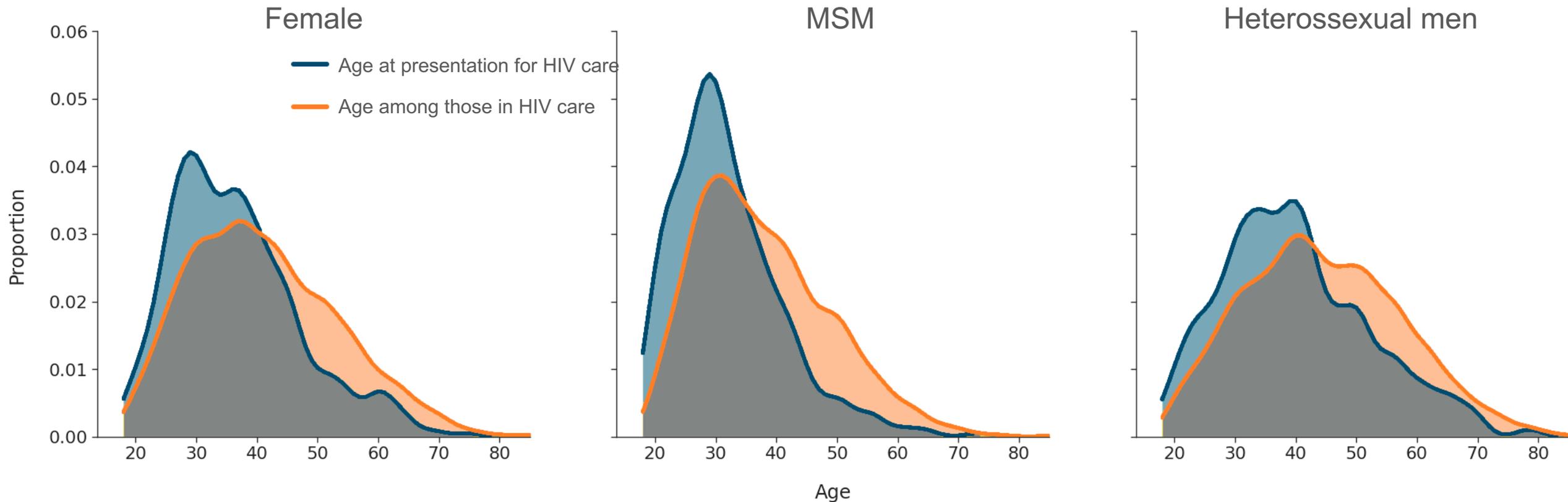
## People with late diagnosis in Latin America and the Caribbean, 2017-2022



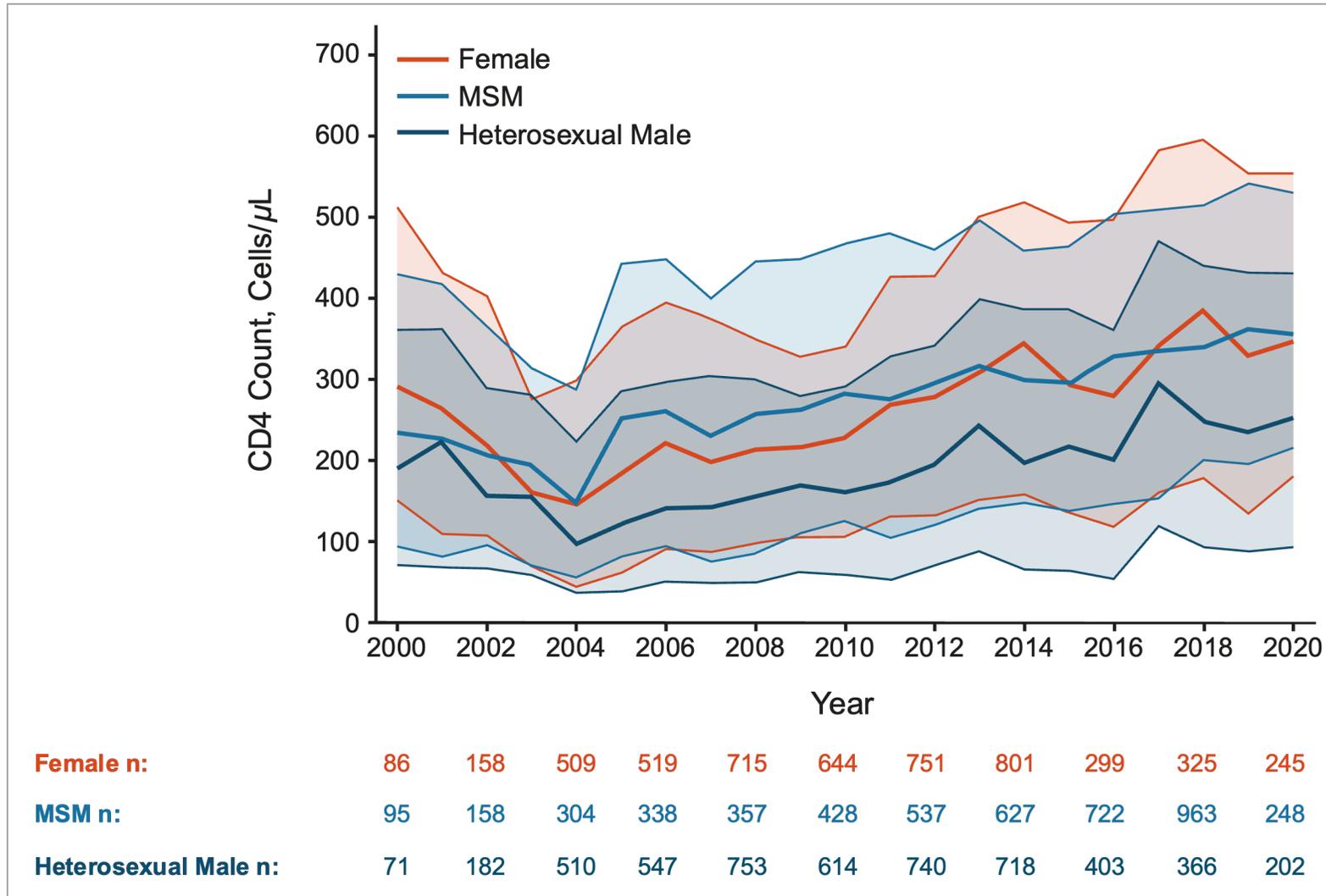
**Note:** Late diagnosis: basal CD4 <200 cells/mm<sup>3</sup>. Median value of 19 countries. The improvements correspond to 6 countries.

## Age at presentation for HIV care and among all of those in HIV care

2020



## CD4 at presentation for HIV care



# **PREP IN LATIN AMERICA**

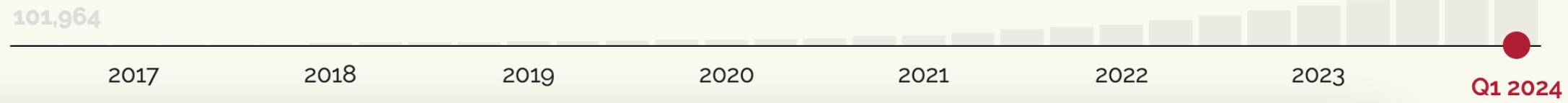
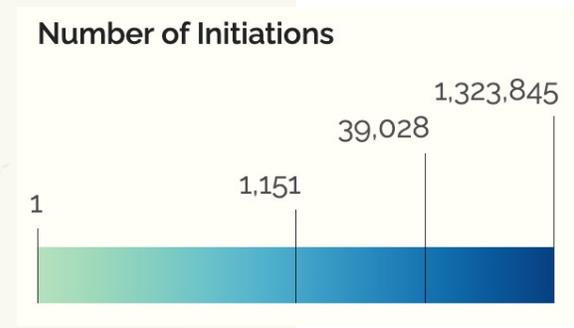
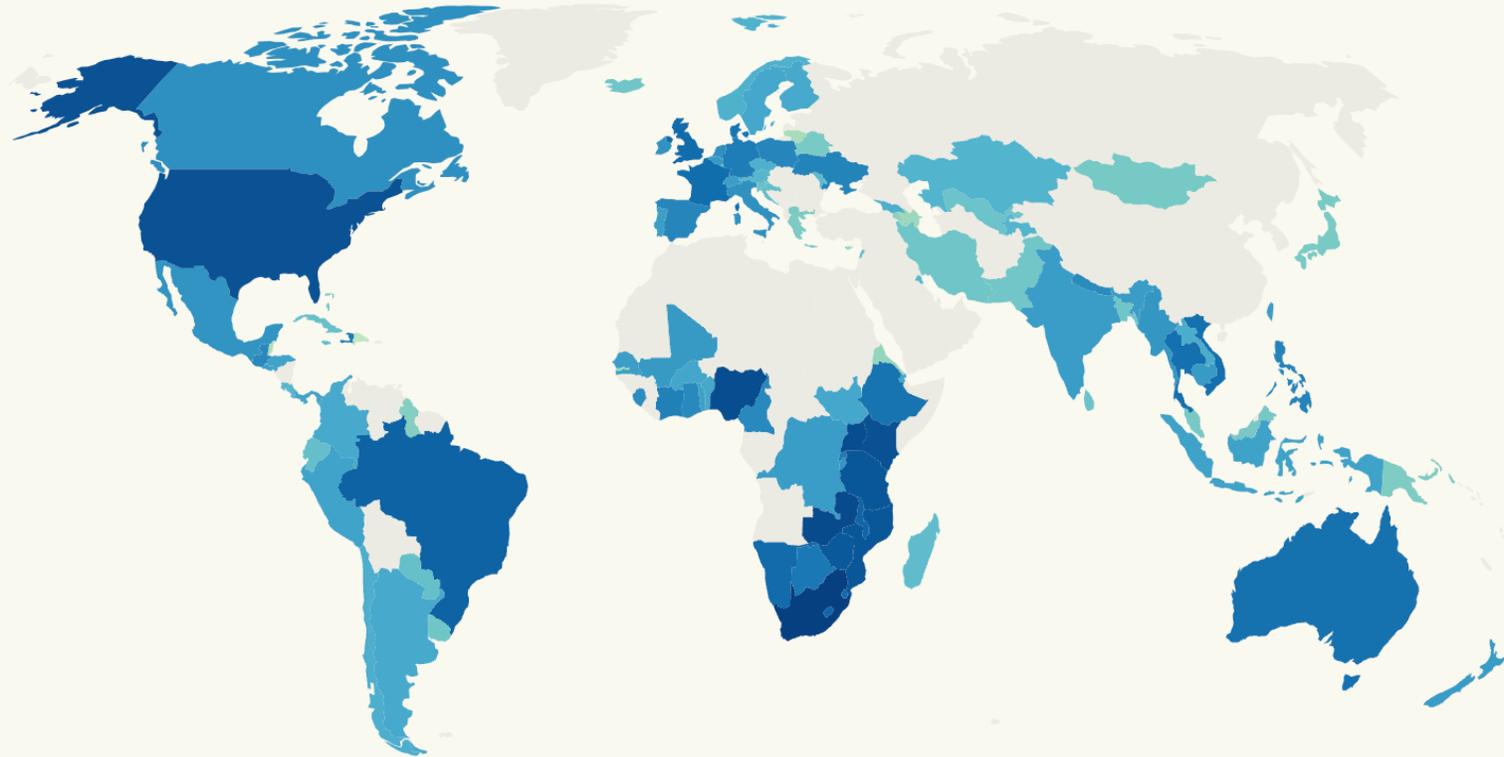
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# Monitoring of oral PrEP access

## Cumulative Number of PrEP Initiations

METHODS AND SOURCES

**Q1 2024**  
**6,725,116 initiations**

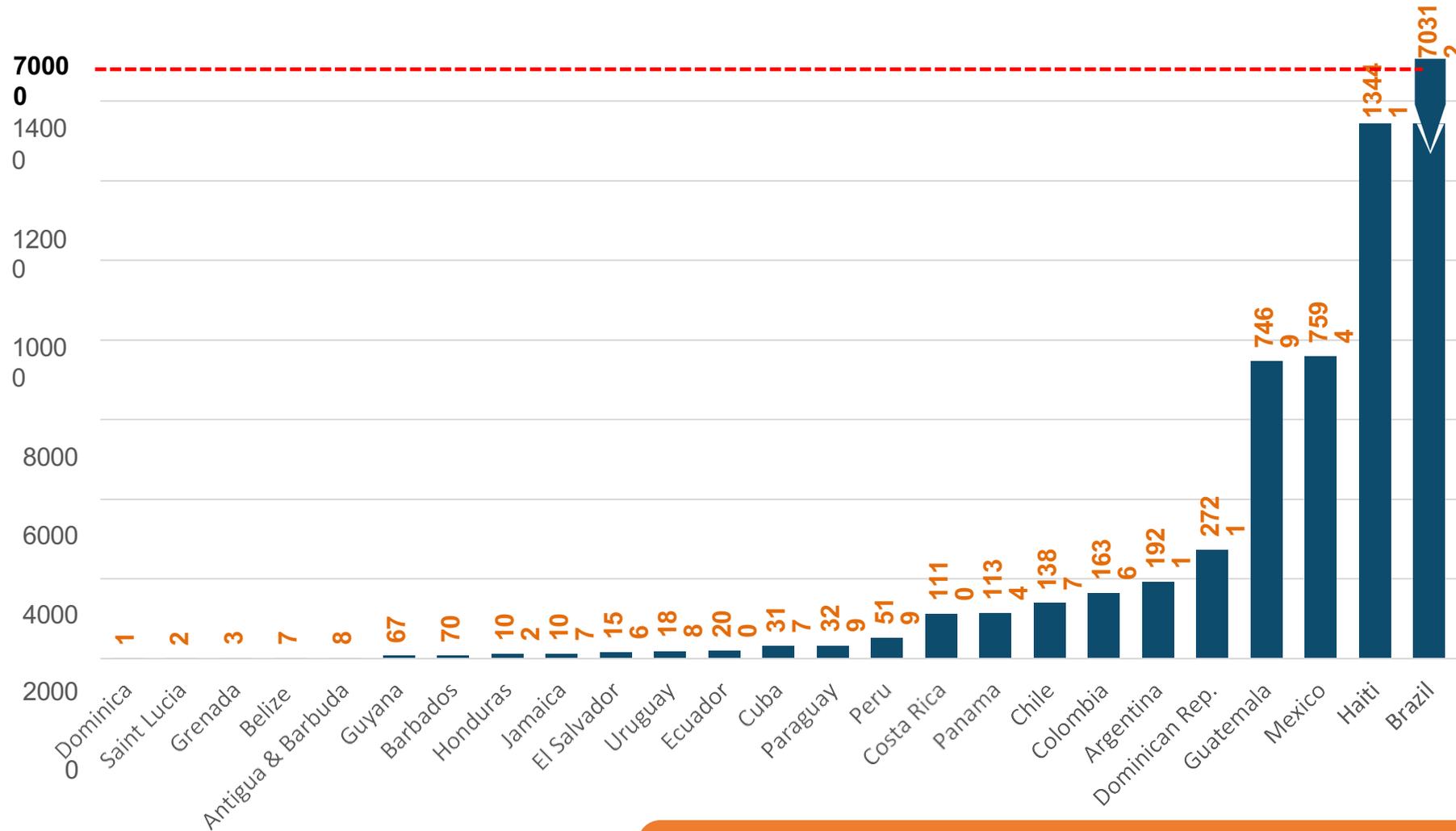


# Implementation of PrEP policies



Source: PAHO, 2023. Information reported by countries to the GAM and direct communication with countries.

# People on PrEP in Latin America and the Caribbean, 2022



Person on PrEP in LAC		
2020	2021	2022
34,576	57,902	110,801

In 2022,  
25 countries have PrEP users. Of  
the 110,801 people on PrEP:

- **97,095** in Latin America
- **13,706** in the Caribbean

**Despite improvements, there is still no coverage for even 5% of people who need it**

Source: PAHO, 2023. Information reported by countries to the GAM and direct communication with countries.

## Preparedness for the rollout of effective HIV prevention among key affected populations in Brazil, Peru and Mexico



- Multi-site prospective, open-label demonstration study
- 3 countries
- 30 sites
- 9,509 MSM/TGW  
(BR 3,928 / MEX 3,288 / PER 2,293)

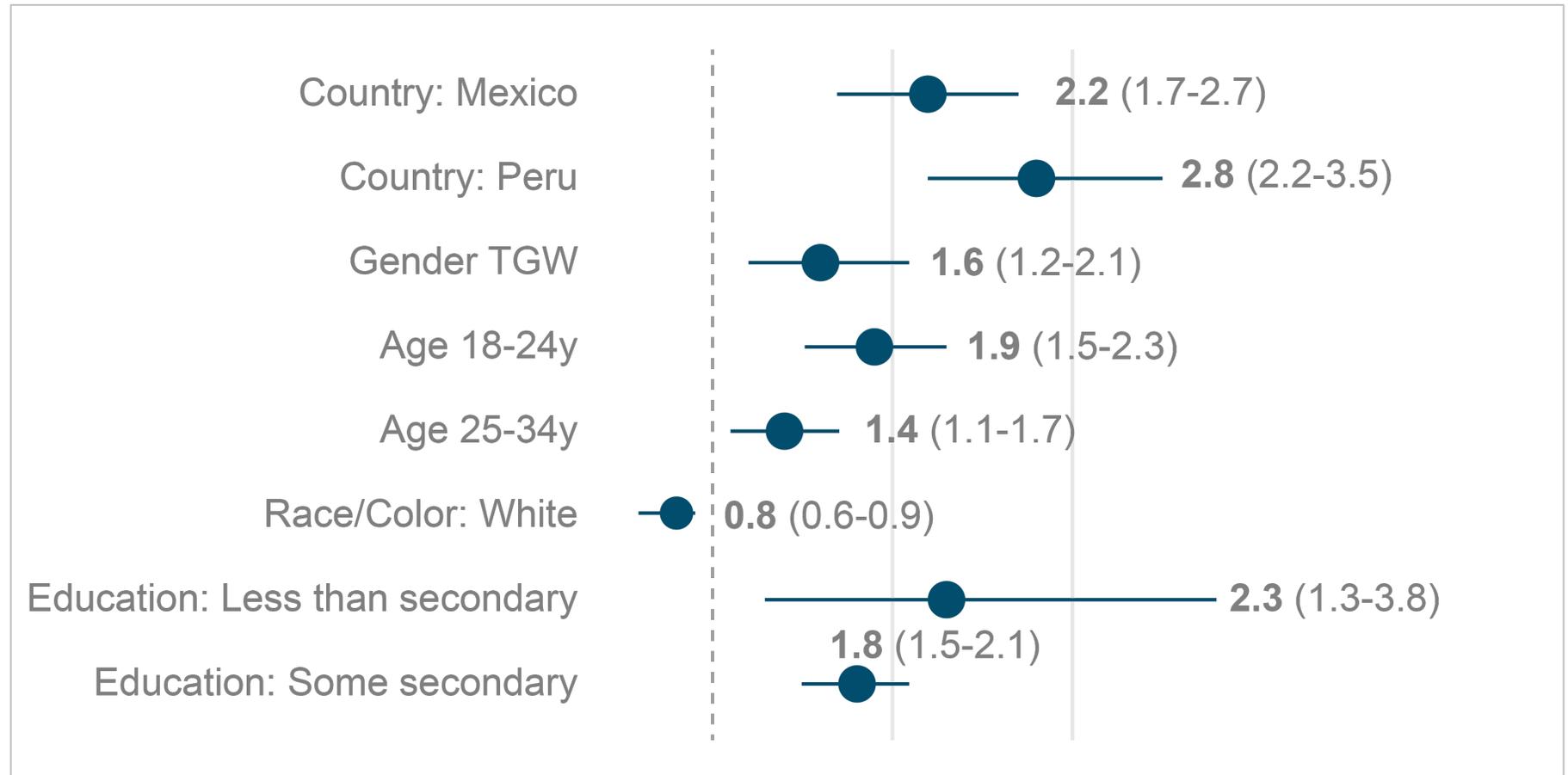


## Early loss of follow-up

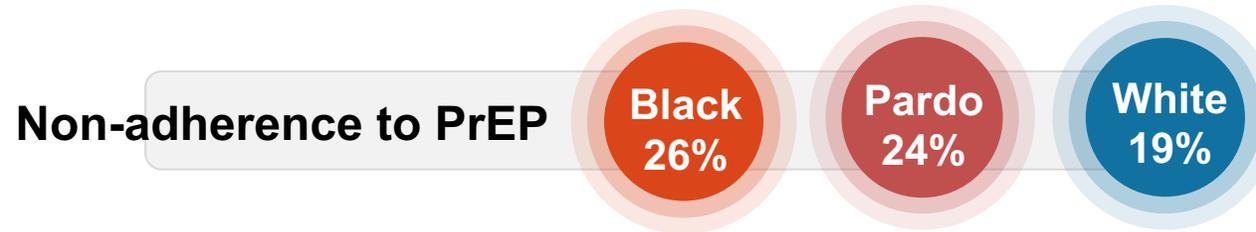
### Factors associated with early loss of follow-up

**8.4%**

participants did not  
show up after  
enrollment



## Racial disparities in HIV incidence among ImPrEP participants from Brazil

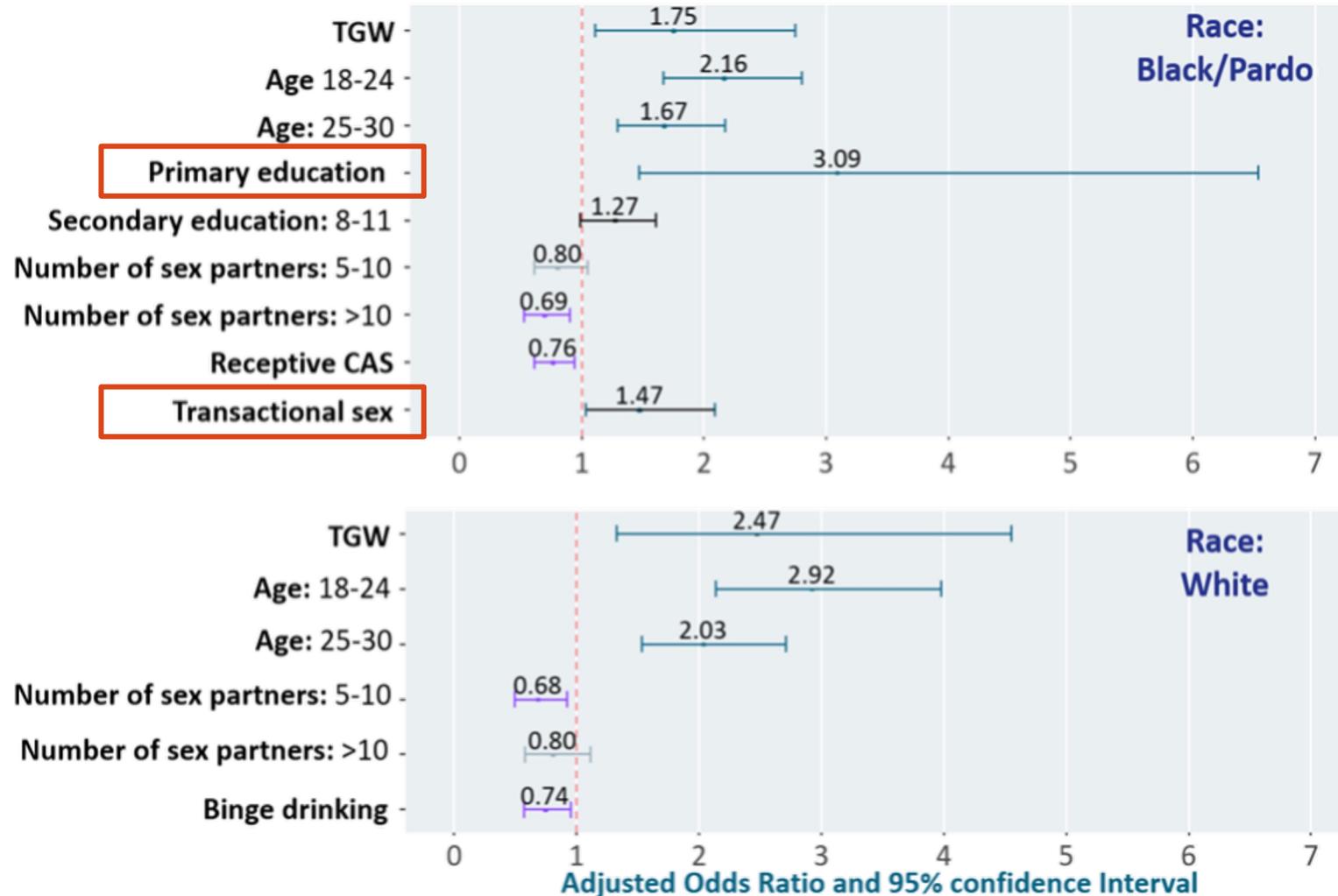


	Overall		Non-adherence to PrEP MPR<0.6	
	HIV infections	Incidence rate* *	HIV infections	Incidence rate* *
Overall	24	0,36 (0,24-0,54)	7	1,40 (0,67-2,93)
Race				
White	9	0,28 (0,15-0,55)	2	1,00 (0,25-4,01)
<b>Mixed (Pardo)</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>0,43 (0,23-0,80)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,49 (0,48-4,62)</b>
Black	4	0,40 (0,15-1,06)	2	2,16 (0,54-8,63)
Indigenous	0	0,0 (0,0-14,76)	0	0,00 (0,00-2676,06)
Asian	1	1,42 (0,20-10,11)	0	0,00 (0,00-42,10)

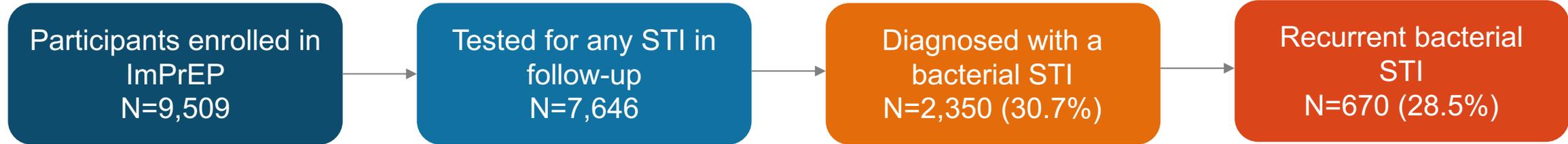
\*por 100 pessoas-ano (95%IC)

## Racial disparities among ImPrEP participants from Brazil

### Factors associated with non adherence to PrEP



# HIV prevention and care among MSM & TGW



BRA 3,478  
MEX 2,543  
PER 1,625

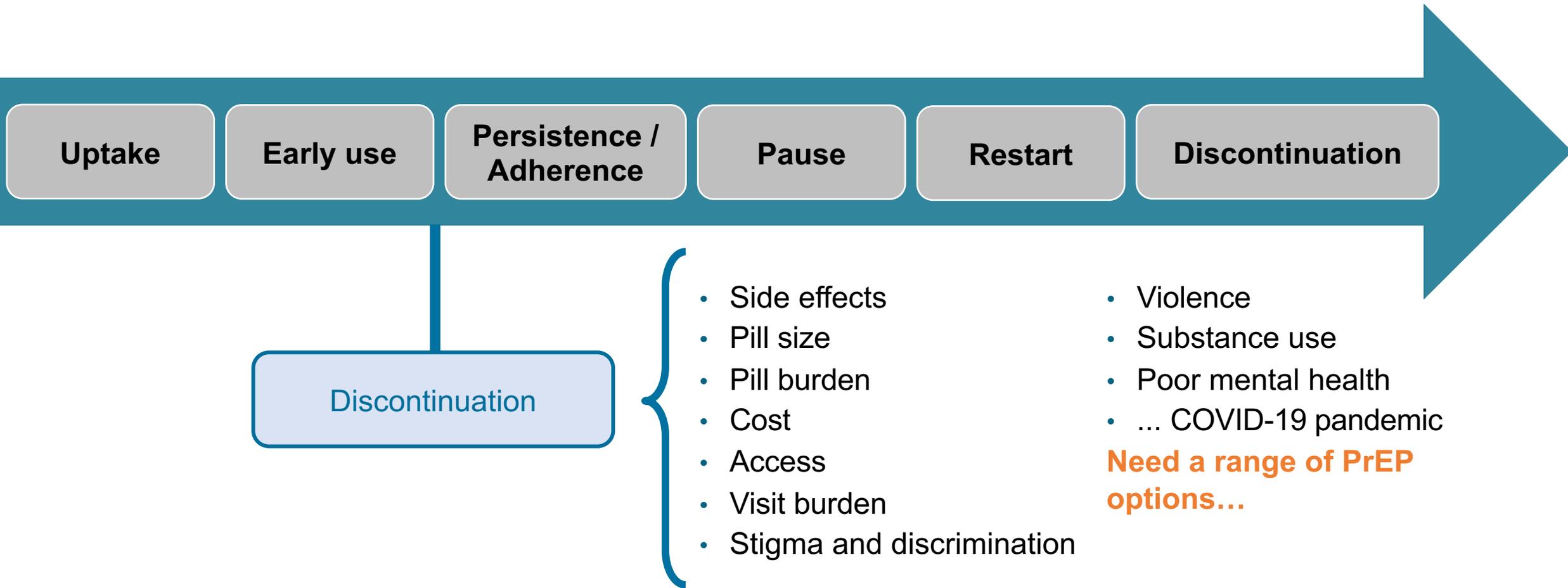
## Behavioral characteristics of ImPrEP participants diagnosed with a bacterial STI at inclusion and during follow-up

	Enrollment	Visit of 1st STI diagnosis
N. sex partners <sup>1</sup>		
Median (IQR)	8 (3,20)	5 (2,12)
0-1	255 (10.9%)	362 (15.4%)
2-3	367 (15.6%)	485 (20.6%)
>3	1,728 (73.5%)	1,503 (64%)
Condomless receptive anal sex <sup>2</sup>	1,731 (73.7%)	1,140 (48.5%)
Stimulants use <sup>1</sup>	503 (21.4%)	400 (17%)
Poppers use <sup>1</sup>	566 (24.1%)	430 (18.3%)
Binge drinking <sup>1</sup>	1,555 (66.2%)	1,276 (54.4%)

<sup>1</sup> In last 3m, <sup>2</sup> In last 6 m at enrollment visit and 3 m in the visit of 1st STI diagnosis

# Current challenges of oral PrEP

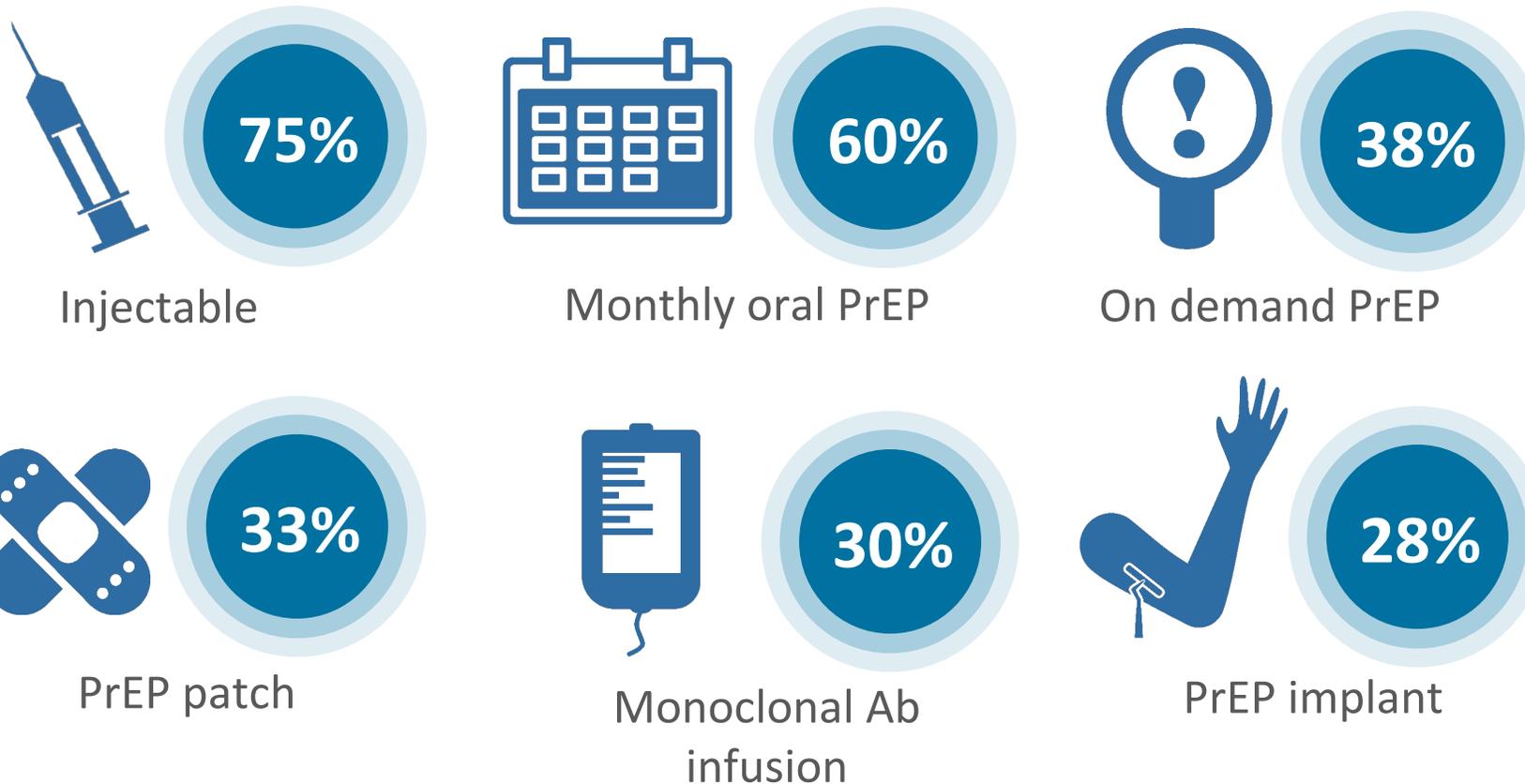
## PrEP journey



# HIV prevention and care among MSM & TGW

## Latin-American MSM prefer long acting PrEP

2021



**HOWEVER, INJECTABLE  
ANTIRETROVIRALS  
ARE SCARCE IN  
LATIN AMERICA...**

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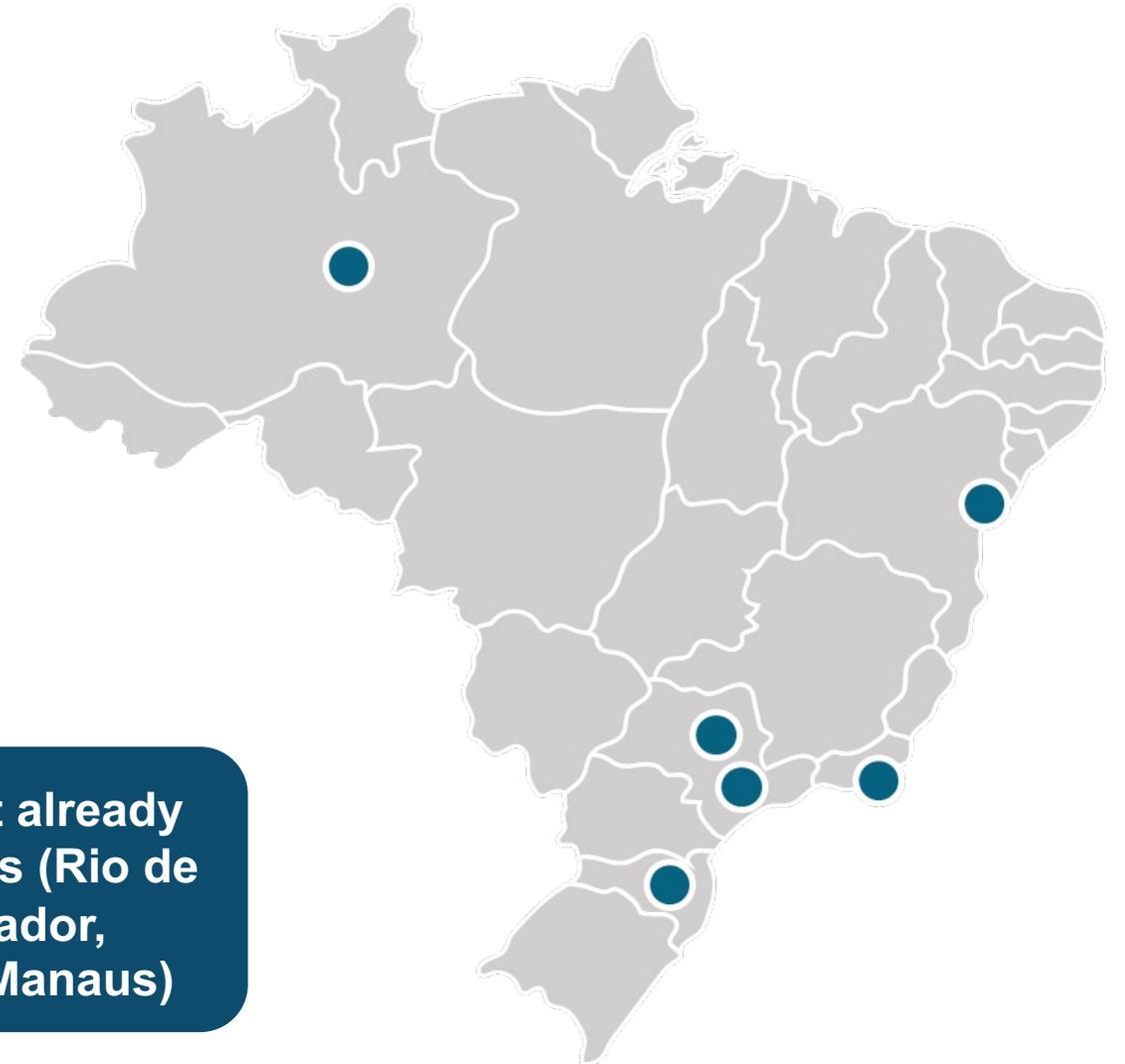
# HIV prevention and care among MSM & TGW

## ImPrEP CAB - Brasil

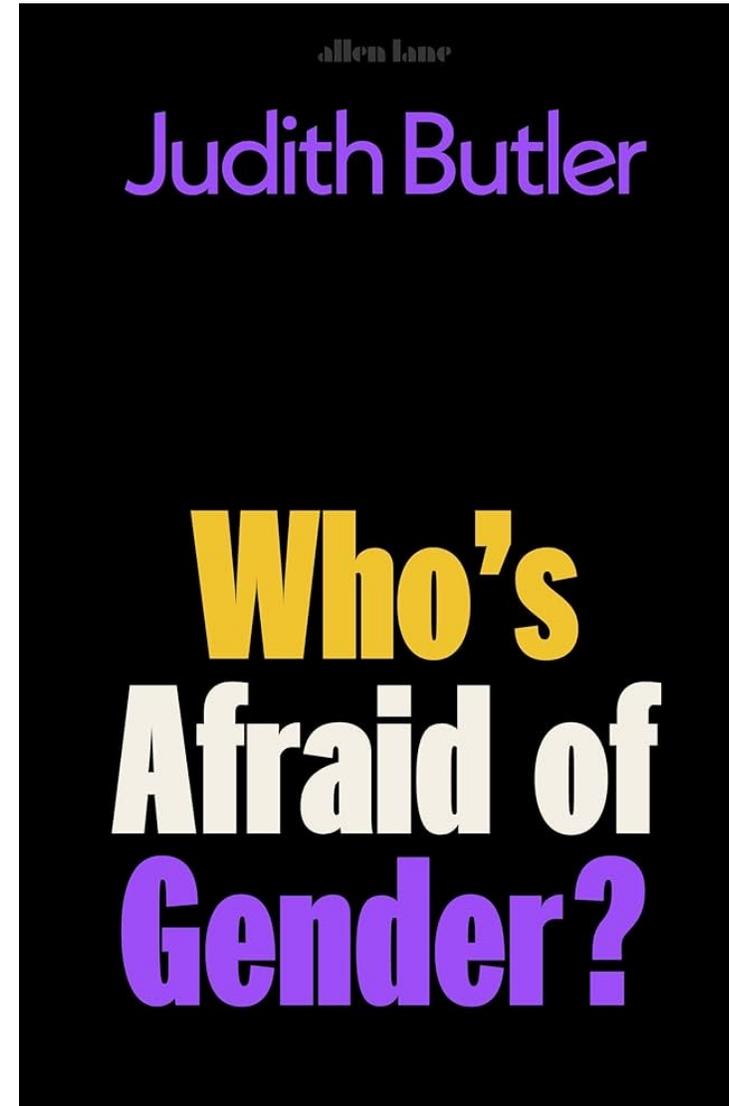


Implementation study to evaluate CAB-LA as PrEP among MSM, TGW and non-binary persons in Brazil

6 public health services that already offer PrEP in 6 Brazilian cities (Rio de Janeiro, São Paulo, Salvador, Campinas, Florianópolis e Manaus)



# Stigma, LGBTQIAPN+phobia and discrimination



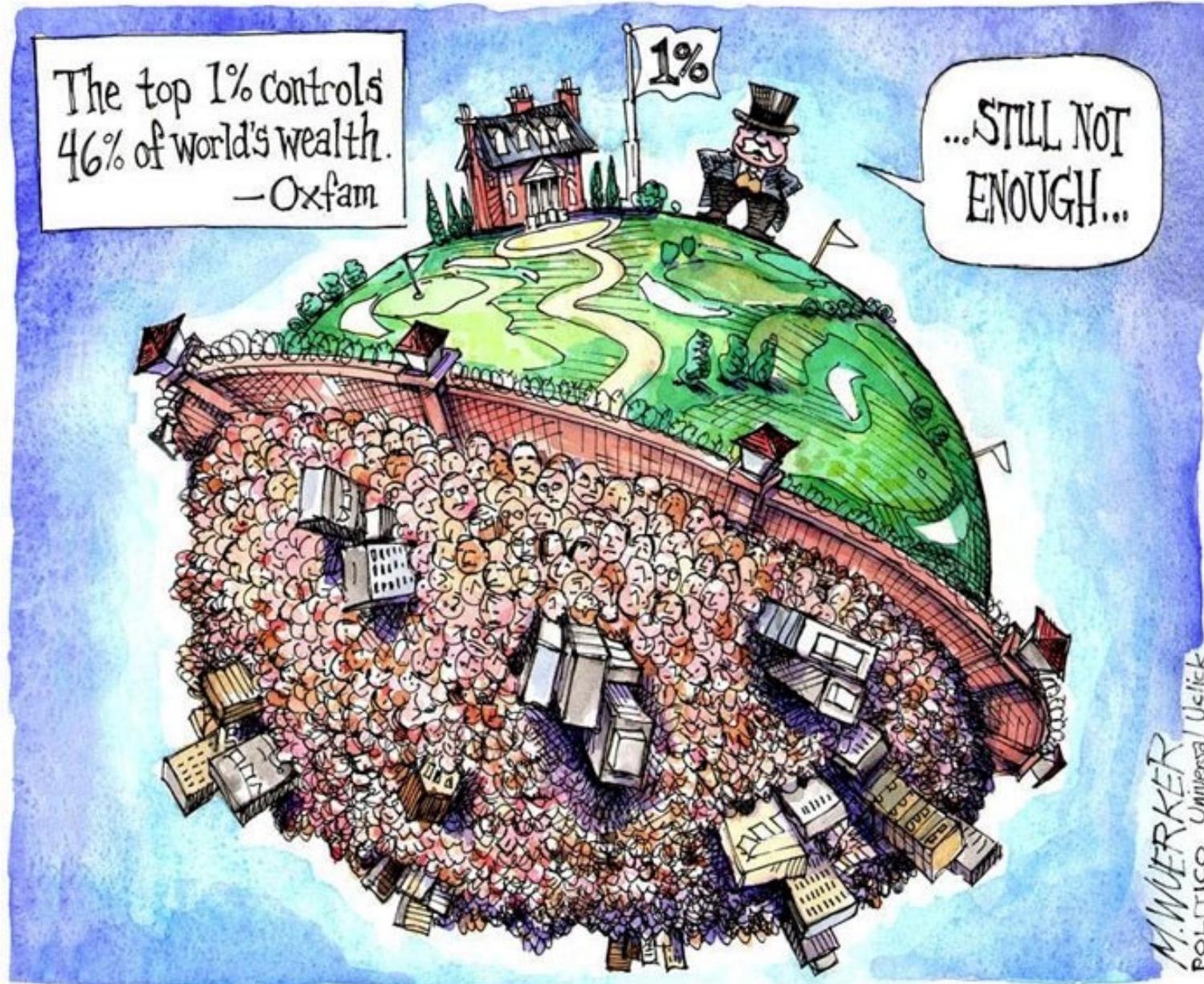
# Stigma, LGBTQIAPN+phobia and discrimination

## Protests in Peru after new insurance law deems transgender people mentally ill

Sexual diversity activists protest in Peru's capital in front of Health Ministry to demand that government repeal decree



# Social injustice

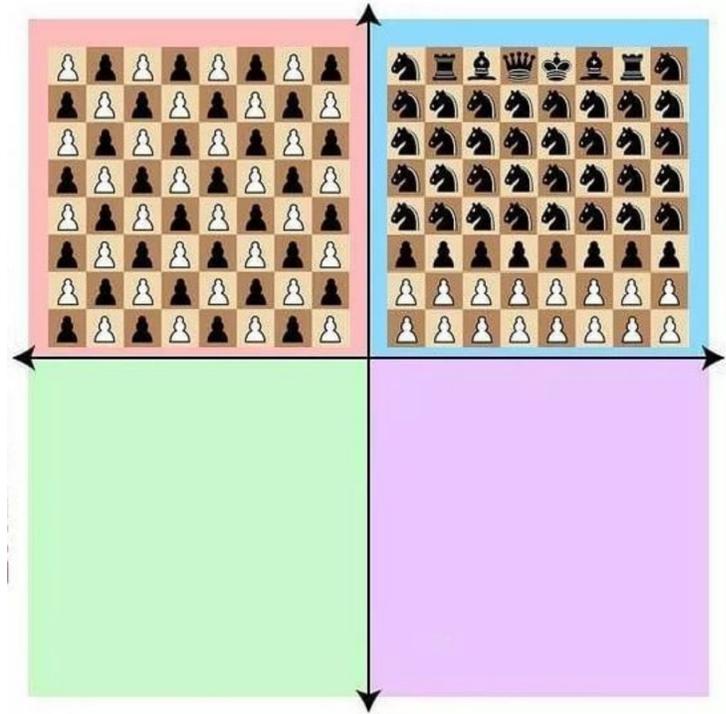


# Reflections on the way forward...

## Universal health systems



## Community action!



# Acknowledgements

- Beatriz Grinsztejn;
- Valdilea Veloso;
- Thiago Torres;
- Emilia Jalil;
- Sandra Wagner;
- Marcelo Alves;
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# Gratidão!



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