Use of Mobile Technology in Clinical Trials

June 5th, 2019 Patrick S. Sullivan, DVM, PhD Rollins School of Public Health





Center for AIDS Research



Outline

- What useful resources do mHealth applications offer?
- How are these tools helpful to delivering HIV prevention interventions?
- How are these tools helpful to conducting clinical trials?
- How will we scale mHealth prevention interventions in the United States and beyond?

What useful resources do mHealth applications offer?





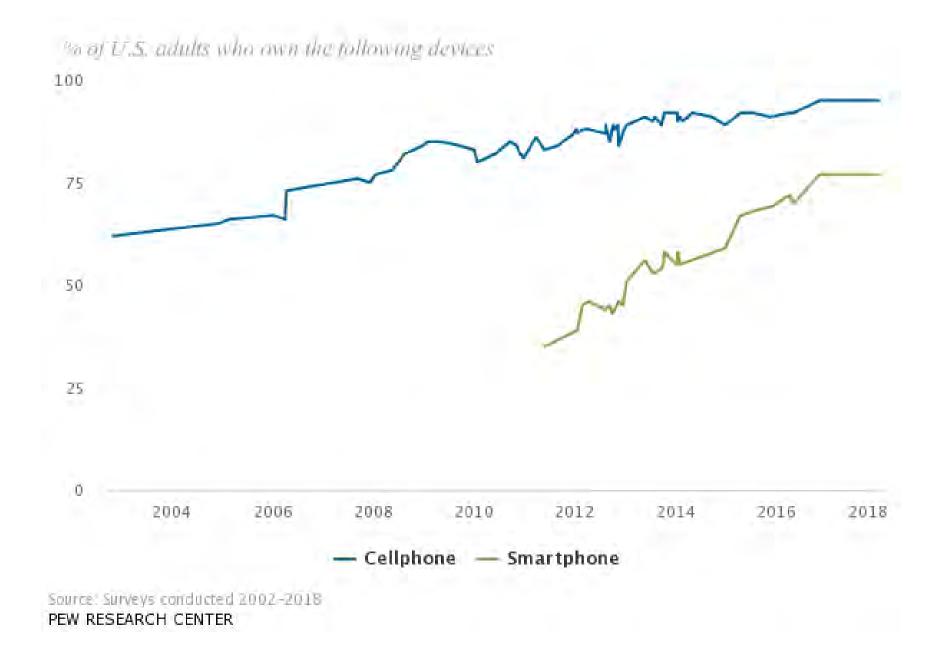
mHealth Tools

mHealth Tools leverage:

- Computers
- Mobile phones
- Mobile-optimized websites
- Social media
- Internet

mHealth Tools offer opportunities to:

- Reach broad scale
- Reach remote clients
- Provide rich media
- Tailor interventions
- Provide reminders
- Schedule appointments
- Return study lab results
- Link interventions together



Pew Research Center, Mobile phone fact sheer, February 2018

% of U.S. adults who own the following devices

	Any cellphone	Smartphone	Cellphone, but not smartphone
Total	95%	77%	17%
Men	95%	80%	16%
Women	94%	75%	19%
Ages 18-29	100%	94%	6%
30-49	98%	89%	9%
50-64	94%	73%	21%
65+	85%	46%	40%
White	94%	77%	17%
Black	98%	75%	23%
Hispanic	97%	77%	20%

Pew Research Center, Mobile phone fact sheet, February 2018

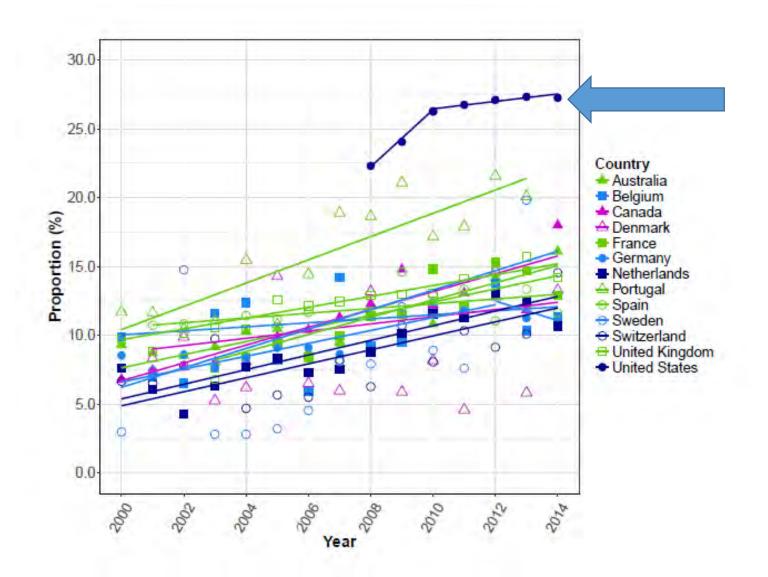


Fig. 2. Country-specific trends in the proportion of HIV diagnoses in young men who have sex with men aged 15 to 24 y, 2000–2014.

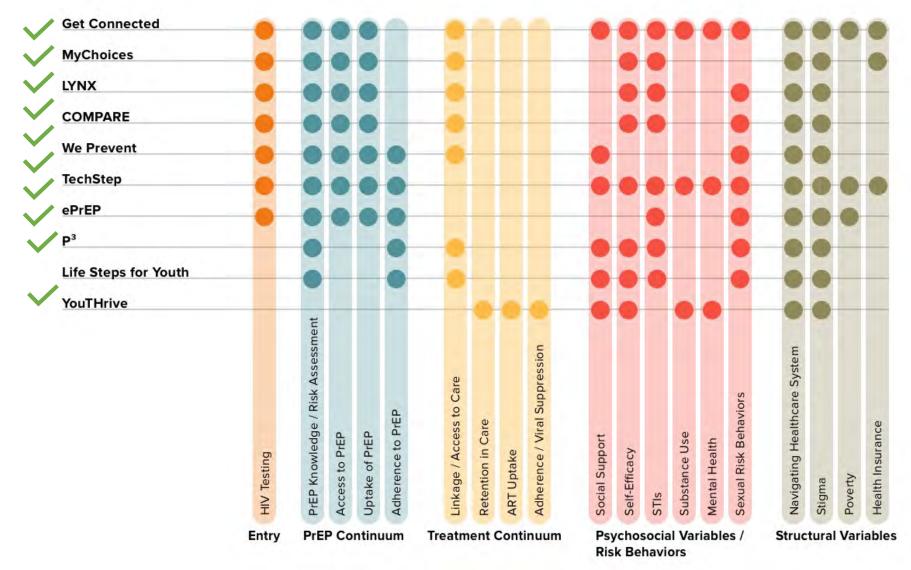
Chapin-Bardales et al, Annals Epidemiol 2018

How are these tools helpful for delivering HIV prevention interventions?



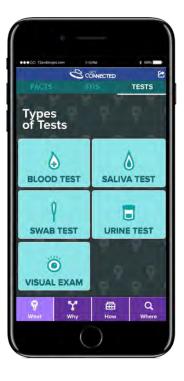


iTech (ATN) Continuum of Care Interventions





Tailoring: Get Connected





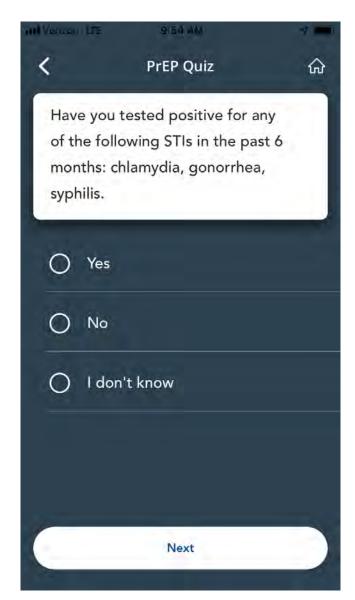
Mystery Shopping to inform app completed in Philadelphia and launching in Atlanta; RCT underway in Philadelphia, Atlanta, Houston

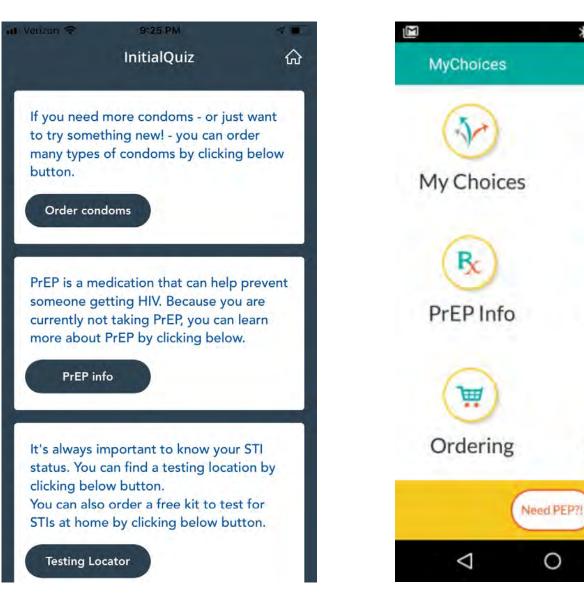
A motivationally-based, brief online intervention that employs individual and <u>systems-level</u> <u>tailoring technology</u> to reduce barriers to linkage into competent HIV/STI prevention for YMSM.

Site Tailored On:

- Age
- Race/Ethnicity
- Sexual Identity
- HIV Testing
- STI Testing
- Structural Struggles
- Sources of Support
- Values

Tailoring and Reminders: HealthMindr/MyChoices





R01-DA045612 (Sullivan); ATN 141 (Biello, Mayer)

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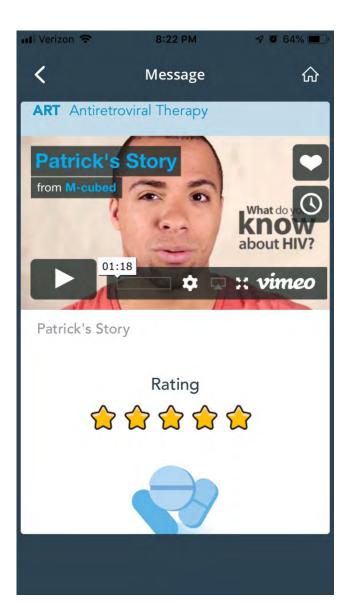
Test Plan

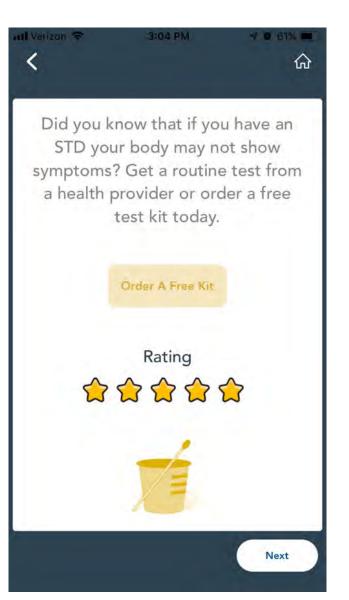
Locations

Resources

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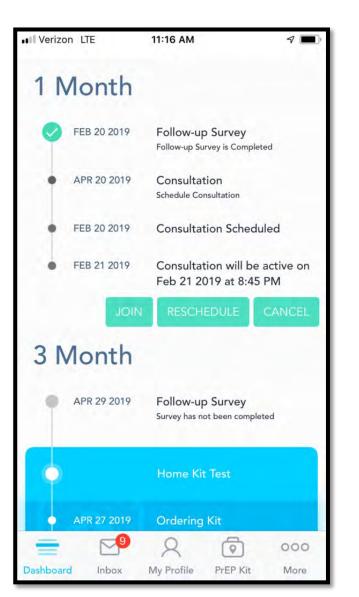
Delivering Rich Media: M³

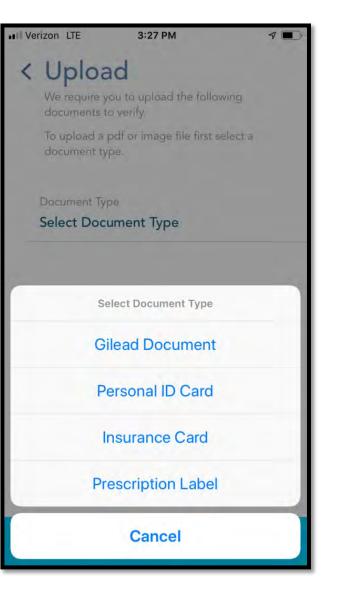




U01PS004977 (Sullivan/Mansergh)

Broad Reach: ePrEP





ATN 159: PI Siegler

How are these tools helpful to conducting clinical trials?





SMART: Study Management and Retention Tool

- SMART provides an online study management portal for:
 - Identifying study visit schedules and progression through milestones
 - Organizing staff efforts for retention
 - Communicating with study participants
 - Returning study results
 - Managing mailout specimen collection fulfillment
- Participant app: scheduling, retention, surveys, ordering commodities
- Current utilization
 - 15 current trials
 - 8 upcoming trials
 - 5000+ participants under study
- Available through Emory CFAR

SMART dashboard

SMART		All sites ~ Situdy Admin
PARTICIPANTS	▲ 11251 2M	r :
Search Participants Total Participants (79) : 11244 11245	Prospect Screened Eligible Enrolled Active Completed © Screened: 8/22/2018 Study Arm: Intervention © Eligible: 8/22/2018 Pronoun: He/Him/His	Task & Study Stop
 11246 11247 11248 	Enrolled : 3/14/2019 Completed : Mark as Completed	
 11249 11250 	TIMELINE	+ RECENT MESSAGES View all ···· 2
 11251 11252 11253 11254 	Baseline O 5 Sep 2018 & Baseline Visit In-person baseline visit DNotes #14 Mar 2019	Subject Message From Demo Study
 11255 11256 11257 11258 	3 Month 12 Jun 2019 ③ 3M Survey Survey to be completed remotely. DNotes Mark as Completed To Survey Link	Body → BU # Poppins • A • II II II • III GO II # X × /> ?
112591126011261	O 14 Jun 2019 (2) Pay 3M Incentive Internal S25 incentive C Notes Mark as Completed	
1126211263	6 Month O 10 Sep 2019 🗊 6M Survey	Al Send

Assessment/data opportunities

- Delivery of ecological momentary assessments
- Location-based triggering of short surveys
- Paradata indications of use of intervention components, quantitative assessment of engagement with intervention materials
- Collection of images (e.g., OraSure device picture, eligibility documents)

How will we scale mHealth prevention interventions in the United States and beyond?





Keep It Up – Dissemination Plan

- Interactive, online intervention for YMSM
- 7 modules completed over ~ 3 days
- 60% reduction in risk of STI incidence
- How to implement?
 - Centralized
 - Disseminated

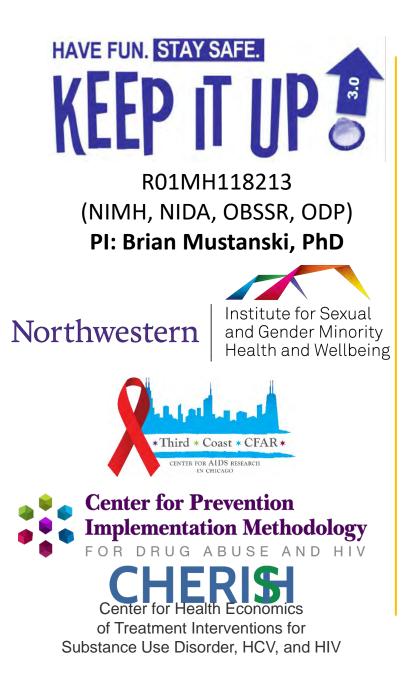
HAVE FUN. STAY SAFE. KEEP IT UP



Implementation of eHealth Programs?

- Fulfilling promise of "low cost interventions with universal reach"
- How to implement eHealth programs?
 - National delivery
 - Local implementation
 - Hybrid



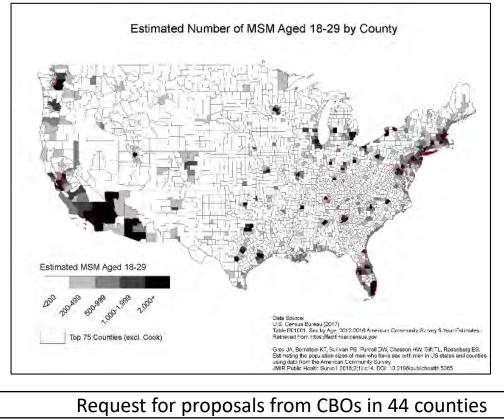


PROGRAM **STUDY AIMS** DESIGN **I.S. OUTCOMES**

<u>HIGHLIGHTS</u>

An online, CDC rated "Best Evidence" intervention for young MSM ages 18–29 To compare two national implementation strategies Hybrid effectivenessimplementation (type 3), Cluster RCT N = 44 counties Public health impact (reach x

effectiveness [behavior, STIs]), cost effectiveness, RE-AIM



Applications reviewed and scored

22 top scoring applications (1 per county) funded.

Customization of KIU

CBO staff deliver KIU to YMSM who test HIV negative through their routine HIV testing programs. STI testing through CBO or remotely.

CBOs receive quarterly coaching from Northwestern.

CFAR

CBO staff engage YMSM in KIU!	Research staff assure survey
	completion

12 month STI testing performed at CBO or through remote testing.



66 counties randomized				
2 : 1				
44 counties randomized to CBO strategy	22 counties randomized to DTC strategy			

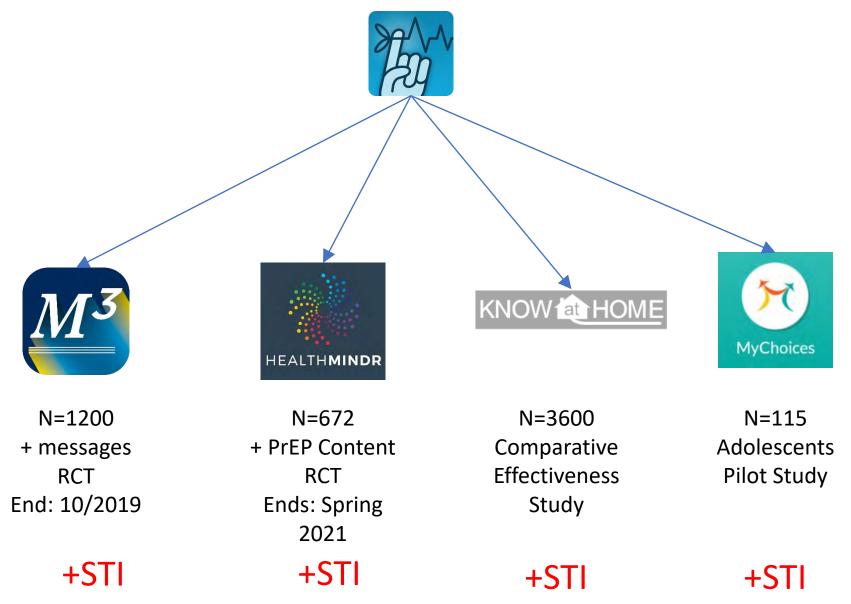
Advertising campaign designed and launched for 22 counties.

At least 100 YMSM are recruited in each county.

Eligible YMSM receive kit through the mail for HIV/STI self-testing.

KIU! engagement by NWU DTC	Research staff assure survey	
staff.	completion	

12 month STI testing performed through remote testing



M^3: PI: Sullivan, PO: Mansergh; HealthMindr: PI Sullivan, PD J. Jones; MyChoices PIs Biello/Mayer; iSTAMP PIs: Sullivan, Hightow-Weidman, Stephenson, PO: Macgowan

Stakeholder preferences for deployment of mHealth interventions

- Emory CFAR-supported evaluation of preferences for scaling mHealth HIV prevention interventions among CBO, health department, and CDC colleagues
- Key informant interviews and theater testing of options for management dashboards
- 2-3 state/local health departments
- Completion by fall 2019

Conclusions

- mHealth impacts all phases of clinical trials intervention content, participant management, delivery, assessment, and scale
- mHealth offers opportunities for optimized delivery and intervention that other tools do not. mHealth can be used in conjunction with biomedical interventions
- There is a rich pipeline of HIV prevention interventions already in place, including through the ATN
- There will be challenges with translating clinical trials of mHealth interventions to scale, and it's best to anticipate and plan for them now
- Tools and expertise are available through HPTN and ATN colleagues, and through the Emory CFAR

Thanks

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